UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2011 question paper

for the guidance of teachers

9701 CHEMISTRY

9701/35

Paper 31 (Advanced Practical Skills 1), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

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Q	uestion	Sections	Indicative material	Mark	
1	(a)	PDO layout	I Volume given for rough titre and accurate titre details tabulated <i>Minimum of 2×2 "boxes"</i>	1	
		MMO collection	 Follows instructions – dilutes 44.50–45.50 cm³ FA 2 and records unambiguous initial and final burette readings and volume of FA 2 diluted and volume of FA 3 added for each titration. Headings should match readings. Do not award this mark if: 50(.00) is used as an initial burette reading; more than one final burette reading is 50.(00); any burette reading is greater than 50.(00) 	1	
		MMO decisions	III All accurate burette readings (initial and final) recorded to nearest 0.05 cm ³ including dilution table Assess this mark on burette readings only, ignore volume of FA 3 added.	1	
		PDO recording	IV has two titres within 0.10 cm ³ Do not award this mark if having performed two titres within 0.1 cm ³ a further titration is performed which is more than 0.10 cm ³ from the closer of the initial two titres, unless a fourth titration, within 0.1 cm ³ of any other has also been carried out.	1	
		Examiner then select two identical; titres w For candidates and S Calculate titre × ^{45.00} /	nd correct (if necessary) subtractions in the titre table. ts the "best" titre using the hierarchy: ithin 0.05 cm ³ , titres within 0.10 cm ³ , etc., (ignore rough Supervisor scale titre for 45.00 cm ³ FA 2 diluted. _{volume of FA 2 diluted to 2 dp in Supervisor and candidate scaled values and award "o}	,	
		MMO quality	Award V, VI and VII for a difference from Supervisor, $\delta = 0.30 \text{ cm}^3$	1	
			Award V and VI for $0.30 < \delta$ 0.60 cm ³	1	
			Award V only for 0.60 < δ 1.00 cm ³ If "best" titres are 0.60 cm ³ apart cancel one of the Q marks	1	[7]

PMT

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				5701		
(b)	ACE	interpretation	Calculates the mean, correct to 2 dec from any accurate titres within 0.20 c The third decimal place may be round nearest 0.05 cm ³ . A mean of exactly .x25 or .x75 is allo candidate may round up or down to t 0.05 cm ³ . If ALL burette readings are given to 7 then the mean can be given to 1 dec numerically correct without rounding. Mean of 24.3 and 24.4 = 24.35 (\checkmark) Mean of 24.3 and 24.4 = 24.4 (x) Titres to be used in calculating the clearly shown – in an expression of titration table.	m ³ . ded to the wed but the he nearest 1 decimal place imal place if mean must be	1	[1]
(c)	ACE	interpretation	I Expression correct in step (i) volume diluted/ ₂₅₀ × 1.00		1	
			II Correctly uses $titre from (b)/_{1000} \times ans to (i) in (ii)$ and $\frac{1}{2} \times ans to (ii) in (iii)$		1	
			III ans to (iii) × ¹⁰⁰⁰ / ₂₅ × 201.2 in (iv))	1	
			IV Uses ^{(38.10} ans to (iv))/ _{38.10} × 100 in ((v)	1	
	PDO	display	 Working shown in all steps attem minimum of 3 steps. (use of 2 in 40 or <i>M</i>_r in (iv) gains the mark) (Working should be a step in the 	(iii), missing ×	1	
			VI 3 to 4 significant figures shown in all steps attempted – minimum o		1	[6]
(d)	ACE	interpretation	Correctly evaluates: ${}^{0.06}/_{25} \times 100 \text{ or } 0.24 \%$ and ${}^{0.10}/_{\text{titre in (b)}} \times 100$ Answers must be given to at least 2 s figures and correctly rounded for the figures shown.		1	[1]
			L		[Tota	1: 15

					Syllabus 9701	Paper 35	
2	(a)	(a) PDO layout PDO recording		I All data presented clearly in all th (6,6,7)	ree sections.	1	
						1	
				III All thermometer readings recorde 0.5 °C in each of the experiments		1	
				IV Each pair of balance readings co at least 1 decimal place	nsistent and to	1	[4]
	(b)	Examiner to calculate (corrected) $\Delta T_1/m_1$ and $\Delta T_2/m_2$ for Supervisor and cance Compare candidate value with the same value from the Supervisor report. Award Q marks on the closer value.		didate.			
		MM	C	Award I and II for δ 0.10 °Cg ¹		1	
		quality		Award I only for $0.10 < \delta$ 0.30 °Cg	1	1	[2]
	(c)	MM	O collection	 Follows instructions – weighs bet 9.5 g of FA 6 (mass bottle with F, bottle) 		1	
		PDC) layout	II Check Δm and ΔT are correct in	(c)	1	[2]
	(d)	d) ACE interpretation		Examiner to check there is no obvious evaluation of the expression, then award one mark for a mass of sodiur between 2.5 and 3.5 g.		1	[1]
	(e)	ACE	ovements	Give one mark for: suggesting weighing, heating and we or weighing, heating and measuring gas or giving an outline for a titration method 2 indicators.	volume	1	[1]

[Total: 10]

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3 (a)	MMO decisions	Selects any named acid	1	
	MMO collection	Records brown gas with FA 9 and no reaction with FA 8 and FA 10	1	[2]
(b)	MMO decisions	 Selects: (correct full name or formula) silver nitrate as first reagent, aqueous ammonia as second reagent, aqueous ammonia added to tube with Ag⁺, 1st box ticked (do not allow if Pb²⁺ used as 2nd reagent) or lead nitrate as first reagent, silver nitrate as second reagent, Ag⁺(aq) added to fresh sample, 2nd box ticked 	1	
	MMO collection	II If Ag ⁺ used as 1 st reagent Give one mark for white ppt with FA 8 and cream ppt with FA 10 If Pb ²⁺ used as 1 st reagent Give one mark for white ppt with FA 8 and FA 10 If FA 9 not previously identified then no change/no reaction/no ppt (ignore any yellow colouration of solution with Pb ²⁺)	1	
		 III <u>If Ag⁺ used as 1st reagent (with NH₃ as 2nd)</u> Give one mark if white ppt with FA 8 is soluble in aqueous ammonia and cream ppt with FA 10 is insoluble or partially soluble in aqueous ammonia <u>If Ag⁺ used as 1st reagent (with Pb²⁺ as 2nd)</u> Allow observations marks <u>If Pb²⁺ used as 1st reagent (with Ag⁺ as 2nd)</u> Give one mark for white ppt with FA 8 and Ag⁺ and cream ppt with FA 10 and Ag⁺. <i>Ignore observations for</i> FA 9. 	1	[3]
(c)	ACE conclusion	Mark consequentially on observations; Give one mark for appropriate anions identified for FA 8 , FA 9 and FA 10 .	1	

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(d)	PDO	recording		Observations in a single table. All additions of NaOH(aq) and $NH_3(aq)$ shown to excess where there is an initial ppt		
	ММС) collection	II All observations correct for FA (Blue ppt in each, blue ppt inso NaOH, soluble in excess NH ₃ o to a deep/dark blue solution)	luble in excess	1	
			III All observations correct for FA (White ppt insoluble in each)	12	1	[3
(e)	ACE	conclusion	 I Mark consequentially to observe Expected conclusion is Cu²⁺ in in FA 12 Allow Ca²⁺ from white ppt insole NaOH and no ppt with NH₃. 	FA 11 and Mg ²⁺	1	
			 Gives appropriate evidence for conclusion. Minimum evidence expected ions: Cu²⁺ Records a blue ppt with e reagents or deep blue solution Mg²⁺ White ppt insoluble in exceeded of the reagents) 	required for the ither of the with excess NH ₃ .	1	[2
(f)	ММС	O collection	I Blue, black, purple colour obse starch in (ii)	rved on adding	1	
			 II The brown (solution) or (brown in (i) is decolourised/colour fad or brown (solution) in (i) and white, off-white or light brown p 	es/paler	1	
	ACE	conclusion	Award III and IV for two correct pai	rs	1	
			Award III only for one correct pair Expected results (i) I is oxidised, Cu^{2+} is reduced (ii) $S_2O_3^2$ is oxidised, I_2 is reduced Mark horizontally or vertically.	j	1	[4
					[Tota	